

The Acronauplia

Written by Administrator

Monday, 31 January 2011 10:29 - Last Updated Friday, 30 November 2012 18:49

The rocky peninsular of the Acronauplia was settled from ancient times until the end of the 13th century.

The Acronauplia walls bear the marks of the first Venetian occupation from the 13th to 16th centuries.

Evidence of a pre-historic settlement is also visible. There are also remains of the walls from the Hellenistic and Byzantine periods.



From 1210-1212, when the Franks invaded the city, they divided the Acronauplia into two enclaves: the Castello dei Greci and the Castello dei Latini.

The Castello dei Greci was the smaller one, built on the rocky outcrop. The Castello dei Latini was the larger one, built on the cliffside.

During the first Venetian occupation in 1479, during the conspiracy of the Pasqualigo, the Venetians fortified the Castello dei Greci.

One of the first and most important fortifications was the so-called Castello dei Turchi, built on the east of the Castello dei Greci.

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The Castello di Toro is still in use by the military, but the Catholic church is a remnant of the past.



Another work from the time of the gate between the two castles, which was a sign to protect the city.

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~~The demolition of the [airfield](#) was in 1977. It was built in 1942 by the Royal Air Force. The site was used as a base for the Royal Air Force. The site was used as a base for the Royal Air Force. The site was used as a base for the Royal Air Force.~~